# Bottled Water Quality Report

Versión en español

Tahoe Artesian Water™

Address: PO Box 100, Emigrant Gap, CA 95715

Telephone: 530-362-4555

Website: www.tahoeartesian.com

Email: info@tahoeartesian.com

## Introduction

Tahoe Artesian Water™ meets all applicable state and federal requirements for water quality, MCLs, PHGs, and Primary Drinking Water Standards. Our water is rigorously tested to ensure that only the highest quality of water is sold.

## Water Source

Tahoe Artesian Water™ is sourced from a single privately-owned protected source. It originates from the Sierra Nevada Mountains where snow melt filters through miles of granite rock before pressurizing itself in a 500-foot-deep granite aquifer. Tahoe Artesian is not spring water or well water; instead it is artesian water, meaning that the water is pressurized upwards through the granite and reaches the surface by its own power. Since the water is not pumped or leached through dirt it maintains exceptional quality standards.

## Terms Defined

Statement of Quality refers to the highest level(s) of contaminant(s) which are allowed in a container of bottled drinking water, as established by the United States Food and Drug Administration and the California Department of Public Health, as well as standards protective of public health and public drinking water, as established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the California Department of Public Health.

Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) refers to the highest level(s) of a contaminant(s) which are allowed in drinking water, as established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and/or the California Department of Public Health. Primary MCLs are set as close to the Public Health Goals (PHGs) as is economically and technologically feasible.

Public Health Goals (PHGs) refers to the level(s) of contaminant(s) in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risks to public health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Primary Drinking Water Standard refers to the MCLs for contaminant(s) which affect public health, their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements, as established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or the California Department of Public Health.

## Water Analysis Report

**Report Date:** 1 June 2022
**Sampling Date:** 12 May 2022
ND – Not Detected

### General Chemistry

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Alkalinity as cacO3 | 52 | mg/L |
| Bicarbonate as CaCO3 | 52 | mg/L |
| Carbonate as CaCO3 | ND | mg/L |
| Hydroxide as CaCO3 | ND | mg/L |
| Bromate | 2.6 | ug/L |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Dichloramine | ND | mg/L |
| Monochloramine | ND | mg/L |
| Chloride | 2.9 | mg/L |
| Color, Apparent | 5.0 | CU |
| Cyanide (total) | ND | mg/L |
| Conductivity © 25C | 150 | umhos/cm |
| Fluoride | ND | mg/L |
| Langelier Index | -0.83 | |
| MBAS, Calculated as LAS, mol *1340 | ND | mg/L |
| Nitrate as NO3 | ND | mg/L |
| Nitrite as N | ND | mg/L |
| pH (1) | 8.1 | pH Units |
| Sulfate as SO4 | 15 | mg/L |
| Total Dissolved Solids | 110 | mg/L |
| Turbidity | 0.37 | NTU |

## Metals

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Aluminum | ND | mg/L |
| Antimony | ND | ug/L |
| Arsenic | ND | ug/L |
| Barium | ND | mg/L |
| Beryllium | ND | ug/L |
| Cadmium | ND | ug/L |
| Calcium | 6.7 | mg& |
| Chromium | ND | ug/L |
| Copper | ND | ug/L |
| Iron | ND | mg/L |
| Lead | ND | ug/L |
| Magnesium | 0.32 | mg/L |
| Manganese | ND | mg/L |
| Mercury | ND | ug/L |
| Nickel | ND | ug/L |
| Potassium | ND | mg/L |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Selenium | ND | ug/L |
| Silver | ND | ug/L |
| Sodium | 23 | mg/L |
| Thallium | ND | ug/L |
| Hardness as CaCO3 | 18 | mg/L |
| Zinc | ND | ug/L |

## Organics

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| **EDB and DBCP by GC-ECD** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Dibromochloropropane (DBCP) | ND | ug/L |
| Ethylene Dibromide (EDB) | ND | ug/L |
| **Oroanohalide Pesticides and PCBs by GC-ECD** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Alddn | ND | ug/L |
| Chlordane | ND | ug/L |
| Dieldrin | ND | ug/L |
| Endrin | ND | ug/L |
| Heptachlor | ND | ug/L |
| Heptachlor Epoxide | ND | ug/L |
| Hexachlorobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| Hexachlorocydopentadiene | ND | ug/L |
| Lindens | ND | ug/L |
| Methoxychlor | ND | ug/L |
| PCB Arodor Screen | ND | ug/L |
| Toxaphene | ND | ug/L |
| **Chlorinated Acid Herbicides** | **Result** | **Units** |
| 2,4,5-T | ND | ug/L |
| 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) | ND | ug/L |
| 2,4-D | ND | ug/L |
| Bentazon | ND | ug/L |
| Dalapon | ND | ug/L |
| Dicamba | ND | ug/L |
| Dinoseb | ND | ug/L |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Picloram | ND | ug/L |
| **Volatile Organics by GC-MS** | **Result** | **Units** |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1,1-Tdchloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrschloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1,2-Tnchbro-1,2,2-trAAroroethane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,2-Dichlotobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| **Volatile uruamcs DV lac ma** | **Result** | **Units** |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,4-Dichloroben2ene | ND | ug/L |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | ND | ug/L |
| 2-Butanone | ND | ug/L |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | ND | ug/L |
| 2-Hexanone | ND | ug/L |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | ND | ug/L |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | ND | ug/L |
| Acetone | ND | ug/L |
| Benzene | ND | ug/L |
| Bromobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| Bromochloromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Bromodichloromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Bromofotm | ND | ug/L |
| Bromomethane | ND | ug/L |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Carbon Tetrachloride | ND | ug/L |
| Chlorobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| Chloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| Chloroform | ND | ug/L |
| Chloromethane | ND | ug/L |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ug/L |
| Cs-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | ug/L |
| Dibromochloromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Dibromomethane | ND | ug/L |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Dichloromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Di-isopropyl ether (DIPE) | ND | ug/L |
| Ethyl ten-Butyl Ether (ETBE) | ND | ug/L |
| Ethylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | ND | ug/L |
| Isopropylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| m,p-Xylenes | ND | ug/L |
| Methyl-t-butyl ether | ND | ug/L |
| Naphthalene | ND | ug/L |
| n-BUtylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| n-Propylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| o-Xylene | ND | ug/L |
| p-Isopropyeoluene | ND | ug/L |
| sec-Butylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| **Volatile Organics by GC-MS** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Styrene | ND | ug/L |
| tert-Amyl Methyl Ether(TAME) | ND | ug/L |
| tert-Butyl alcohol (TBA) | ND | ug/L |
| tert-Butylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| Tetrachloroethene (POE) | ND | ug/L |
| Toluene | ND | ug/L |
| trans-l,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ug/L |
| trans-1,3-Diriloropropene | ND | ug/L |
| Trichloroethene (TOE) | ND | ug/L |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Trichlorofluoromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Vinyl Chloride | ND | ug/L |
| Total l,3-Dirhloropropene, EPA 524.2 | ND | ug/L |
| Total Ttihalomethanes, EPA 524.2 | ND | ug/L |
| Total Xylenes, EPA 524.2 | ND | ug/L |
| **Semi-Volatile Organics by GC-MS** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Alachlor | ND | ug/L |
| Atraxine | ND | ug/L |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | ND | ug/L |
| Bis(2-ethylhe)4l) adipate | ND | ug/L |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate | ND | ug/L |
| Bromacil | ND | ug/L |
| Butachlor | ND | ug/L |
| Diazinon | ND | ug/L |
| Dimethoste | ND | ug/L |
| Metolachlor | ND | ug/L |
| Metribuzin | ND | ug/L |
| Molinate | ND | ug/L |
| Propachlor | ND | ug/L |
| Simazine | ND | ug/L |
| Thiobencarb | ND | ug/L |
| **Carbamates by HPLC** | **Result** | **Units** |
| 3-Hydroxycarbofuran | ND | ug/L |
| Aldicarb | ND | ug/L |
| Aldicarb Sulfone | ND | ug/L |
| Aldicarb Sulfoxide | ND | ug/L |
| Carbaryl | ND | ug/L |
| Carbofuran | ND | ug/L |
| Methomyl | ND | ug/L |
| Oxamyl | ND | ug/L |
| **Glyphosate by HPLC** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Glyphosate | ND | ug/L |
| **Endothall by GC-MS** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Endothall | ND | ug/L |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| **Diouat by HPLC** | **Result** | **Units<** |
| Diquat | ND | ug/L |
| **Haloacetic Acids by GC-ECD.** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Dibromoacelic Acid (DBAA) | ND | ug/L |
| Dichloroacetic Add (DCAA) | ND | ugh. |
| Monobromoacetic Add (MBAA) | ND | ug/L |
| Monochloroaceec Acid (MCAA) | ND | ug/L |
| Trichloroacelic Acid (TCAA) | ND | ug/L |
| Total HebeceticMds. EPA 552.3 | ND | ugh. |
| **Aggregate Organic Compounds** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Phenols | ND | ug/L |

## The Process

Tahoe Artesian Water™ is propelled to the surface under natural pressure and does is not processed, distilled or subjected to reverse osmosis. Despite our water's purity, California Health and Safety Code Section 111075 (b) requires all water bottling facilities (regardless of water quality) to utilize micron filtration and germ treatment. As a result, we employ micron filtration and ozonation which maintain the natural qualities of the water while meeting California's strict standards.

## Recall Information

If you would like to report a complaint regarding product quality, please email Tahoe Beverage Company at info@tahoebevco.com or call (530) 362-4555.

## FDA Information

California law requires a reference to FDA's website for recalls: http://www.fda.gov/opacom/7alerts.html

Tahoe Artesian Water™ has been thoroughly tested in accordance with federal and California law. Our bottled water is a food product and cannot be sold unless it meets the standards established by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and the California Department of Public Health. The following statements are required under California law:

"Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the United States Food and Drug Administration, Food and Cosmetic Hotline (1-888-723-3366)." "Some persons may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons, including, but not limited to, persons with cancer who are undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, persons with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly persons, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These persons should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. The United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791)."

"The sources of bottled water include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water naturally travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it can pick up naturally occurring substances as well as substances that are present due to animal and human activity. Substances that may be present in the source water include any of the following:

1. Inorganic substances, including, but not limited to, salts and metals, that can be naturally occurring or result from farming, urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, or oil and gas production.
2. Pesticides and herbicides that may come from a variety of sources, including, but not limited to, agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
3. Organic substances that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
4. Microbial organisms that may come from wildlife, agricultural livestock operations, sewage treatment plants, and septic systems.
5. Substances with radioactive properties that can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities."

"In order to ensure that bottled water is safe to drink, the United States Food and Drug Administration and the State Department of Public Health prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by bottled water companies."

DISTRIBUTOR
TAHOE ARTESIAN WATER™
ADDRESS: PO BOX 100, EMIGRANT GAP, CA 95715

# Informe de calidad de agua embotellada

Tahoe Artesian Water™

Address: PO Box 100, Emigrant Gap, CA 95715

Telephone: 530-362-4555

Website: www.tahoeartesian.com

Email: info@tahoeartesian.com

## Introducción

Tahoe Artesian Water™ cumple con todos los requisitos estatales y federales aplicables para la calidad del agua, los MCL, los PHG y los estándares primarios para el agua potable. Nuestra agua se prueba rigurosamente para garantizar que solo se venda la más alta calidad de agua.

## Fuente de agua

Tahoe Artesian Water ™ proviene de una única fuente protegida de propiedad privada. Se origina en las montañas de Sierra Nevada, donde la nieve se derrite a través de millas de roca de granito antes de presurizarse en un acuífero de granito de 500 pies de profundidad. Tahoe Artesian no es agua de manantial o agua de pozo; en cambio, es agua artesiana, lo que significa que el agua se presuriza hacia arriba a través del granito y llega a la superficie por su propio poder. Dado que el agua no se bombea ni se lixivia a través de la suciedad, mantiene estándares de calidad excepcionales.

## Términos definidos

La Declaración de calidad se refiere al nivel o niveles más altos de contaminantes permitidos en un contenedor de agua embotellada, según lo establecido por la Administración de Drogas y Alimentos de los Estados Unidos y el Departamento de Salud Pública de California, así como las normas de protección de salud pública y agua potable pública, según lo establecido por la Agencia de Protección Ambiental de los EE. UU. y el Departamento de Salud Pública de California.

Los niveles máximos de contaminantes (MCL) se refieren a los niveles más altos de contaminantes permitidos en el agua potable, según lo establecido por la Agencia de Protección Ambiental de los EE. UU. Y / o el Departamento de Salud Pública de California. Los MCL primarios se establecen tan cerca de los Objetivos de Salud Pública (PHG) como sea económica y tecnológicamente factible.

Los objetivos de salud pública (PHG) se refieren al nivel o los niveles de contaminantes en el agua potable por debajo de los cuales no hay riesgos conocidos o esperados para la salud pública. Los PHG son establecidos por la Agencia de Protección Ambiental de California.

El Estándar primario de agua potable se refiere a los MCL para contaminantes que afectan la salud pública, sus requisitos de monitoreo e informe, y los requisitos de tratamiento de agua, según lo establecido por la Agencia de Protección Ambiental de los Estados Unidos o el Departamento de Salud Pública de California.

# Informe de análisis de agua

**Fecha del informe:** 1 Junio 2022
**Fecha de muestreo:** 12 Mayo 2022
ND – No detectado

### General Chemistry

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Alkalinity as cacO3 | 52 | mg/L |
| Bicarbonate as CaCO3 | 52 | mg/L |
| Carbonate as CaCO3 | ND | mg/L |
| Hydroxide as CaCO3 | ND | mg/L |
| Bromate | 2.6 | ug/L |
| Dichloramine | ND | mg/L |
| Monochloramine | ND | mg/L |
| Chloride | 2.9 | mg/L |
| Color, Apparent | 5.0 | CU |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Conductivity © 25C | 150 | umhos/cm |
| Fluoride | ND | mg/L |
| Langelier Index | -0.83 | |
| MBAS, Calculated as LAS, mol *1340 | ND | mg/L |
| Nitrate as NO3 | ND | mg/L |
| Nitrite as N | ND | mg/L |
| pH (1) | 8.1 | pH Units |
| Sulfate as SO4 | 15 | mg/L |
| Total Dissolved Solids | 110 | mg/L |
| Turbidity | 0.37 | NTU |

## Metals

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Aluminum | ND | mg/L |
| Antimony | ND | ug/L |
| Arsenic | ND | ug/L |
| Barium | ND | mg/L |
| Beryllium | ND | ug/L |
| Cadmium | ND | ug/L |
| Calcium | 6.7 | mg& |
| Chromium | ND | ug/L |
| Copper | ND | ug/L |
| Iron | ND | mg/L |
| Lead | ND | ug/L |
| Magnesium | 0.32 | mg/L |
| Manganese | ND | mg/L |
| Mercury | ND | ug/L |
| Nickel | ND | ug/L |
| Potassium | ND | mg/L |
| Selenium | ND | ug/L |
| Silver | ND | ug/L |
| Sodium | 23 | mg/L |
| Thallium | ND | ug/L |
| Hardness as CaCO3 | 18 | mg/L |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Zinc | ND | ug/L |

## Organics

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| **EDB and DBCP by GC-ECD** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Dibromochloropropane (DBCP) | ND | ug/L |
| Ethylene Dibromide (EDB) | ND | ug/L |
| **Oroanohalide Pesticides and PCBs by GC-ECD** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Alddn | ND | ug/L |
| Chlordane | ND | ug/L |
| Dieldrin | ND | ug/L |
| Endrin | ND | ug/L |
| Heptachlor | ND | ug/L |
| Heptachlor Epoxide | ND | ug/L |
| Hexachlorobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| Hexachlorocydopentadiene | ND | ug/L |
| Lindens | ND | ug/L |
| Methoxychlor | ND | ug/L |
| PCB Arodor Screen | ND | ug/L |
| Toxaphene | ND | ug/L |
| **Chlorinated Acid Herbicides** | **Result** | **Units** |
| 2,4,5-T | ND | ug/L |
| 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) | ND | ug/L |
| 2,4-D | ND | ug/L |
| Bentazon | ND | ug/L |
| Dalapon | ND | ug/L |
| Dicamba | ND | ug/L |
| Dinoseb | ND | ug/L |
| Pentadllorophenol | ND | ugt |
| Picloram | ND | ug/L |
| **Volatile Organics by GC-MS** | **Result** | **Units** |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1,1-Tdchloroethane | ND | ug/L |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| 1,1,2-Tnchbro-1,2,2-trAAroroethane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,2-Dichlotobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| **Volatile uruamcs DV lac ma** | **Result** | **Units** |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | ND | ug/L |
| 1,4-Dichloroben2ene | ND | ug/L |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | ND | ug/L |
| 2-Butanone | ND | ug/L |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | ND | ug/L |
| 2-Hexanone | ND | ug/L |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | ND | ug/L |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | ND | ug/L |
| Acetone | ND | ug/L |
| Benzene | ND | ug/L |
| Bromobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| Bromochloromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Bromodichloromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Bromofotm | ND | ug/L |
| Bromomethane | ND | ug/L |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | ND | ug/L |
| Chlorobenzene | ND | ug/L |
| Chloroethane | ND | ug/L |
| Chloroform | ND | ug/L |
| Chloromethane | ND | ug/L |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ug/L |
| Cs-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | ug/L |
| Dibromochloromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Dibromomethane | ND | ug/L |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Dichloromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Di-isopropyl ether (DIPE) | ND | ug/L |
| Ethyl ten-Butyl Ether (ETBE) | ND | ug/L |
| Ethylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | ND | ug/L |
| Isopropylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| m,p-Xylenes | ND | ug/L |
| Methyl-t-butyl ether | ND | ug/L |
| Naphthalene | ND | ug/L |
| n-BUtylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| n-Propylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| o-Xylene | ND | ug/L |
| p-Isopropyeoluene | ND | ug/L |
| sec-Butylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| **Volatile Organics by GC-MS** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Styrene | ND | ug/L |
| tert-Amyl Methyl Ether(TAME) | ND | ug/L |
| tert-Butyl alcohol (TBA) | ND | ug/L |
| tert-Butylbenzene | ND | ug/L |
| Tetrachloroethene (POE) | ND | ug/L |
| Toluene | ND | ug/L |
| trans-l,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ug/L |
| trans-1,3-Diriloropropene | ND | ug/L |
| Trichloroethene (TOE) | ND | ug/L |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | ND | ug/L |
| Vinyl Chloride | ND | ug/L |
| Total l,3-Dirhloropropene, EPA 524.2 | ND | ug/L |
| Total Ttihalomethanes, EPA 524.2 | ND | ug/L |
| Total Xylenes, EPA 524.2 | ND | ug/L |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| **Semi-Volatile Organics by GC-MS** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Alachlor | ND | ug/L |
| Atraxine | ND | ug/L |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | ND | ug/L |
| Bis(2-ethylhe)4l) adipate | ND | ug/L |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate | ND | ug/L |
| Bromacil | ND | ug/L |
| Butachlor | ND | ug/L |
| Diazinon | ND | ug/L |
| Dimethoste | ND | ug/L |
| Metolachlor | ND | ug/L |
| Metribuzin | ND | ug/L |
| Molinate | ND | ug/L |
| Propachlor | ND | ug/L |
| Simazine | ND | ug/L |
| Thiobencarb | ND | ug/L |
| **Carbamates by HPLC** | **Result** | **Units** |
| 3-Hydroxycarbofuran | ND | ug/L |
| Aldicarb | ND | ug/L |
| Aldicarb Sulfone | ND | ug/L |
| Aldicarb Sulfoxide | ND | ug/L |
| Carbaryl | ND | ug/L |
| Carbofuran | ND | ug/L |
| Methomyl | ND | ug/L |
| Oxamyl | ND | ug/L |
| **Glyphosate by HPLC** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Glyphosate | ND | ug/L |
| **Endothall by GC-MS** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Endothall | ND | ug/L |
| **Diouat by HPLC** | **Result** | **Units<** |
| Diquat | ND | ug/L |
| **Haloacetic Acids by GC-ECD.** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Dibromoacelic Acid (DBAA) | ND | ug/L |
| Dichloroacetic Add (DCAA) | ND | ugh. |

| Analyte | Result | Units |
|---|---|---|
| Monobromoacetic Add (MBAA) | ND | ug/L |
| Monochloroaceec Acid (MCAA) | ND | ug/L |
| Trichloroacelic Acid (TCAA) | ND | ug/L |
| Total HebeceticMds. EPA 552.3 | ND | ugh. |
| **Aggregate Organic Compounds** | **Result** | **Units** |
| Phenols | ND | ug/L |

## El proceso

Tahoe Artesian Water ™ se impulsa a la superficie bajo presión natural y no se procesa, destila ni somete a ósmosis inversa. A pesar de la pureza de nuestra agua, la Sección 111075 (b) del Código de Salud y Seguridad de California requiere que todas las instalaciones de embotellado de agua (independientemente de la calidad del agua) utilicen filtración de micrones y tratamiento de gérmenes. Como resultado, empleamos filtración de micrones y ozonización que mantienen las cualidades naturales del agua al tiempo que cumplen con los estrictos estándares de California.

## Recordar informacion

desea informar una queja sobre la calidad del producto, envíe un correo electrónico a Tahoe Beverage Company a info@tahoebevco.com o llame al (530) 362-4555.

## Información de la FDA

La ley de California requiere una referencia al sitio web de la FDA para su retiro: http://www.fda.gov/opacom/7alerts.html

Tahoe Artesian Water™ ha sido probado exhaustivamente de acuerdo con las leyes federales y de California. Nuestra agua embotellada es un producto alimenticio y no se puede vender a menos que cumpla con los estándares establecidos por la Administración de Drogas y Alimentos de los EE. UU. Y el Departamento de Salud Pública de California. Las siguientes declaraciones son requeridas bajo la ley de California:

"Se puede esperar razonablemente que el agua potable, incluida el agua embotellada, contenga al menos pequeñas cantidades de algunos contaminantes. La presencia de contaminantes no necesariamente indica que el agua representa un riesgo para la salud. Puede obtener más información sobre los contaminantes y los posibles efectos en la salud llamando al la línea directa de alimentos y cosméticos de la Administración de Drogas y Alimentos de los Estados Unidos (1-888-723-3366) ".

"Algunas personas pueden ser más vulnerables a los contaminantes en el agua potable que la población general. Personas inmunocomprometidas, incluidas, entre otras, personas con cáncer que reciben quimioterapia, personas que se han sometido a trasplantes de órganos, personas con VIH / SIDA u otras personas inmunitarias. Los desórdenes del sistema, algunas personas de edad avanzada y los bebés pueden estar particularmente en riesgo de infecciones. Estas personas deben buscar asesoramiento sobre el agua potable de sus proveedores de atención médica. La Agencia de Protección Ambiental de los Estados Unidos y los Centros para el Control y Prevención de Enfermedades reducir el riesgo de infección por cryptosporidium y otros contaminantes microbianos están disponibles en la línea directa de agua potable segura (1-800-426-4791) ".

"Las fuentes de agua embotellada incluyen ríos, lagos, arroyos, estanques, embalses, manantiales y pozos. A medida que el agua viaja de forma natural sobre la superficie de la tierra o a través del suelo, puede captar sustancias naturales y sustancias presente debido a la actividad animal y humana. Las sustancias que pueden estar presentes en la fuente de agua incluyen cualquiera de los siguientes:

1. Sustancias inorgánicas, que incluyen, pero no se limitan a, sales y metales, que pueden ocurrir naturalmente o como resultado de la agricultura, la escorrentía de aguas pluviales urbanas, las descargas de aguas residuales industriales o domésticas, o la producción de petróleo y gas.
2. Pesticidas y herbicidas que pueden provenir de una variedad de fuentes, que incluyen, entre otros, la agricultura, la escorrentía de aguas pluviales urbanas y los usos residenciales.
3. Sustancias orgánicas que son subproductos de procesos industriales y producción de petróleo y también pueden provenir de estaciones de gas, escorrentía de aguas pluviales urbanas, aplicaciones agrícolas y sistemas sépticos.
4. Organismos microbianos que pueden provenir de la vida silvestre, operaciones agrícolas de ganado, plantas de tratamiento de aguas residuales y sistemas sépticos.
5. Sustancias con propiedades radiactivas que pueden ocurrir naturalmente o ser el resultado de la producción de petróleo y gas y las actividades mineras ".

"Con el fin de garantizar que el agua embotellada sea segura para beber, la Administración de Drogas y Alimentos de los Estados Unidos y el Departamento de Salud Pública del Estado prescriben regulaciones que limitan la cantidad de ciertos contaminantes en el agua que proporcionan las compañías de agua embotellada".

DISTRIBUTOR
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